

*An OATH to an Invador, and Abjuring the
Invaded, dissected and examin'd upon the follow-
ing Queries, viz.*

Query I. **W**Hether it be *malum in se*, for one Man, or for many, with armed Force and indirect Practices, without any previous Declaration of War, or Cause of Complaint shewn, by Memorials, Ambassadors, Mediation of neighbouring Potentates, or other regular Methods in such Cases commonly used, to Invade the undoubted and acknowledged Hereditary Right of another, and Defame and Calumniate him into the Bargain, as far as Art and combined Malice can invent, purely to serve a Turn, and the better to attain the End of the Invador and his Accomplices, be the Pretence for so doing never so specious, when in Truth, and to the Knowledge, and certain inward Belief, even of the Invador and Calumniators themselves, the Calumny is fictitious and groundless, and the Invasion against the Law of Nations, the Law of Nature, and the established Laws of the Land invaded at the Time of the Invasion?

Qu. II. Whether the more Eminent any Person thus Invaded and Calumniated is, in Blood, Dignity and Authority above others, (for Example King *Charles I.*) the Invadors of his Right and Murtherers of his Royal Reputation, before they murthered him upon the Block, have not the more to Account for, by how much the Person and Character of a King is deemed Sacred, and by the strongest Fences of Law Human and Divine skreened, from all violent Attempts and Insults whatsoever, and under no less Penalty in Subjects, than High Treason?

Qu. III. By what Colour of Lawful Authority, and on what Rule of Scripture, Statute-Law, Legal Practice, or Natural Equity grounded, can such an Invador and his Criminal Accomplices, (as suppose *Oliver Cromwell* and his Regicides-Adherents) pretend to Summon the People to Council or Parliament, or to give Sanction to any Act or or Acts of Council or Parliament, or take upon 'em to make any Disposition, Limitation, or Settlement of the Estate, Crown and Dominions of the invaded King, to his, and his immediate Lineal Hereditary Heir's Prejudice, or can such a Mock-Settlement, with so much as any shew of Justice, Honour or Conscience, be supported, defended or maintained, when neither approved of, confirmed by, or agreed to, upon some valuable Consideration or Compensation, by any subsequent free and unconstrained declared Act or Deed of the Person or Persons injured thereby?

Qu. IV.

Qu. IV. Whether any length of Time or Prescription, covered with the Veil of any assumed Authority, can Legitimate, or make that Lawful, which in its beginning was Unjust; or whether, the longer the Injury and Injustice doth continue, it be not an high Aggravation and an Accumulation of Guilt; and whether, what all Civilians, and others learned in Law, do admit, be of any Weight to prove the same, viz. That *quod contra jus fit, tanquam pro infecto habeatur*; and that, *nemo potest plus juris in alium transferre, quam ipse habet*; and that, *quod ab initio non valet, processu temporis, etiam longissimi, non convalescet*: adding, that *injuste possidentur, quae ex justo titulo, justa causa, & bona fide non possidentur*: And as the Law, *Nullus iusto, Cod. de rei vind.* says, *Ad praescriptionem requiritur justus titulus, id est causa habilis & sufficiens ad conferendum Dominium*; *titulus enim huiusmodi est causa justae possessionis: justa autem possessio est proxima causa praescriptionis*: Whence *Regula juris* affirms, that *absque justo titulo, non potest Dominium per usucapionem, seu praescriptionem acquiri*: And the Law, *id quod nostrum. F. de Reg. Jur.* That *quod nostrum est, sine Facto nostro, ad alium transferri non potest*: Besides, the fullness and clearness of *Magna Charta*, and other undeniable Authorities in the Laws of *England*, too many to be here inserted, in the Case.

Qu. V. If such be the Case, that it be both *malum prohibitum* and *malum in se* to invade and calumniate as aforesaid, with what Face can any one, pretending to Christian or Moral Honesty, or regarding the Golden Rule, do not to another, what you would not be done unto your self, affirmatively swear upon the Holy Evangelist, and truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify, and declare in his Conscience before God and the World, that such an Invador and *mala fidei* Possessor is, or can be lawful and rightful Owner of what he possesses in manner and by the Means aforesaid, without any intervening Assent, Consent, Approbation, Confirmation, or the least Reparation made, or Satisfaction given to the Invaded, or other Sufferers by the Invasion? And with the same Breath, negatively, solemnly and sincerely declare, upon his said Oath, That he believes in his Conscience, that the Person thus Invaded and Injured hath not any Right or Title to what he hath been thus supplanted in and deprived of, to the Knowledge of the very Oath taker himself at the Time he takes it; and yet swears to a Negative and Affirmative both at the same time, contrary to his real Belief and Knowledge, and doth abjure, renounce and refuse, by his said Oath, to pay or own any Debt due to, or Thing owing or payable unto the Supplanted and Invaded in this Case; but swears he will pay all and every Part of the said Invaded's real Debt and Right to the Invador and his Assigns, being of the Religion of the Invador, and will to the utmost of his Power defend him against all Persons whatsoever, and against him by Name, to whom in his Heart and Conscience, he knows the whole Debt doth of Right belong, and will support, maintain and defend all Disposition, Limitation and Settlement made by such an Invador and his Accomplices of such an invaded and detained Property as aforesaid, to any Person or Persons whatsoever exclusive of the Invaded, and of all Persons in Blood immediately claiming a Right and deriving a Title from him; nay, tho' such Disposition, Limitation and Settlement be made, and principally intended, and so express'd in the very Oath and Act it self, when it excludes all those who are not of the Invador's Religion, and limits the Settlement to such alone, as are and shall be; tho'

it be made, I say, in favour of a Religion in Fundamentals opposite to, and in Practice persecutive of what the Swearer himself seemingly professes, he swears he will support, maintain and defend such Settlement to the utmost of his Power, which,

Qu. VI. Whether it be not downright Swearing, the Persecution and Destruction of his own, if he sincerely Means what he Swears; and if he does not sincerely mean to perform what he doth so sacredly and solemnly Swear to; under what Denomination must such Swearing and Meaning, and their due Reward pass, with the All-seeing and All-knowing God, and good Men?

And all these Things he plainly and sincerely Acknowledges and Swears according to the express Words by him spoken, and according to the plain and common Sense and Understanding of the same Words, without any Equivocation, Mental Evasion, or Secret Reservation whatsoever; and he makes this Recognition, Acknowledgment, Abjuration, Renunciation and Promise, heartily, willingly, and truly, upon the true Faith of a Christian. *So help him God.* As God most certainly will.

Qu. VII. Whether this be *monstrum horrendum* — *cui gratia lumen ademptum*?

Qu. VIII. Whether it can be pretended, by way of Excuse, That such an Oath is forced, and that it is unavoidable to Acknowledge and Recognize such an Invader, as Rightful and Lawful Owner of what he hath acquired by his Invasion, and to Abjure and Renounce the Invaded and his Right, when he Swears he doth all this willingly, heartily and truly, and when it is left to his Choice, either to Act such a Part or withdraw, honourably declaring, *Fiat Justitia & Ruat Cælum*, and nobly follow the glorious Example of those who laid it down, as their Civil and Christian Duty, *Relinquere omnia, & sequi Dominum*, and who being persecuted in one City, fled into another, rather than abandon what they owed to God and Truth?

Qu. IX. How honourable or lawful would it be for any One born a Subject to the Hereditary Crown of *England* to swear, That *Oliver Cromwell* was lawful and rightful Chief-Governour of these Three Kingdoms, and all the Dominions thereunto belonging, because he exercised more than Kingly Authority over them, under the Title of Protector, and that with a far more Arbitrary Sway, than any of their Lawful Monarchs ever did; and because he was set up and recognized by Rebels at Home, under the Sham Pretence of having rescued Religion, Liberty and Property, from Tyranny, by pulling down Monarchy and Episcopacy, and overthrowing the whole Frame of the Constitution, and was unvoluntarily acknowledged by an Infant Prince, or interested other Potentates abroad; and at the same time Abjure and solemnly Swear and Declare, that in his Conscience he believes that King *Charles II.* had not any Right or Title whatsoever to the Crown of this Realm, or any other the Dominions thereunto belonging, from the Time of the Murther of the King his Father, and during the Usurpation of *Oliver*, untill the Restoration?

Qu. X.

Qu. X. Whether any such foreign or home Recognition, Acknowledgment, or Submission made, and Oath taken to such an *Oliver*, or any Law made by himself and his Party to corroborate and confirm his Power and Authority, could in the least make his Title the better, or his Government the more Lawful and Righteous in its self, if the Authorities mention'd in the Fourth preceding *Query* be of any force; and whether any Abjuration or Renunciation of all or any such Person or Persons could any way vacate, attain, or extinguish the indefeasible Hereditary Right of the Royal Prince the Murthered King's undoubted Son, and the lawful Heir of his Crown, and who can, will, or dare make it out? *Et erit mihi magnus Apollo.*

Qu. XI. What then to think of such Abjuring-Oath-Takers, and of the Coiners, Promoters and Imposers of them? *Dabit Deus his quoque*—

The Oath of Abjuration now administer'd in Great Britain, &c.

I A. B. do truly and sincerely acknowledge, profess, testify and declare in my Conscience, before God and the World, that our Sovereign Lady Queen Anne is lawful and rightful Queen of this Realm, and of all other her Majesty's Dominions and Countries thereunto belonging: And I do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I do believe in my Conscience, that the Person pretended to be Prince of Wales, during the Life of the late King James, and since his Decease pretending to be and taking upon himself the Stile and Title of King of England, by the Name of James the Third, hath not any Right or Title whatsoever to the Crown of this Realm, or any other the Dominions thereunto belonging: And I do renounce, refuse and abjure any Allegiance or Obedience to him. And I do swear that I will bear Faith and true Allegiance to her Majesty Queen Anne, and her will defend to the utmost of my Power against all Traiterous Conspiracies and Attempts whatsoever, which shall be made against her Person, Crown or Dignity. And I will do my best Endeavour to disclose and make known to her Majesty and her Successors, all Treasons and Traiterous Conspiracies, which I shall know to be against her, or any of them. And I do faithfully promise, to the utmost of my Power, to support, maintain and defend the Limitation and Succession of the Crown, against him the said James, and all other Persons whatsoever, as the same is, and stands limited by an Act, Intituled, An Act declaring the Rights and Liberties of the Subject, and settling the Succession of the Crown to her present Majesty, and the Heirs of her Body being Protestants: And as the same by one other Act, Intituled, An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subjects, is, and stands limited after the Decease of her Majesty, and for Default of Issue of her Majesty, to the Princess Sophia, Electores and Dutches Dowager of Hanover, and the Heirs of her Body, being Protestants. And all these Things I do plainly and sincerely acknowledge and swear according to those express Words by me spoken, and according to the plain and common Sense and understanding of the same Words, without any Equivocation, mental Evasion, or secret Reservation whatsoever; And I do make this Recognition, Acknowledgment, Abjuration, Renunciation, and promise heartily, willingly and truly, upon the true Faith of a Christian:

So help me G O D.